THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Vol. 29. SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1815. No. 41.

PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL.
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Saturday Morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS, *not exceeding a square are inserted at One Dollar for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents for every continuance—those of a greater length in proportion.*

Persons sending Advertisements will please to mark the number of times they wish them inserted.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
and Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

FERREE'S POWDER.

JAMES CROSSAN,

WOOD STREET,

BETWEEN Second and Third Streets, next door to James Morrison's, have on hands, and intend constantly keeping a supply of FERREE'S RIFLE POWDER, which they will sell wholesale and retail on easy terms. Country Merchants can be supplied with this article, at the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, May 25, 1814.

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY

THE subscriber, (recently from Philadelphia) has established a TOBACCO MANUFACTORY in this town, on Front str't two doors from the Post Office; where he offers for sale, Virginia twist and Kentucky TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGARS, of a good quality, and on better terms than can be purchased in Philadelphia or Baltimore.

REES JONES.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1. tfq

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have removed their HAT STORE, to Third street, in front of the Hay Scales, between Market and Wood streets, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, & Roram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with their custom, to their entire satisfaction.

*** Orders will be received at the Warehouse of SCULL and SWINGLE, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

Pittsburgh, April 29, 1814. tf

THE
Pittsburgh Point
BREWERY,

Is in operation, and conducted on

SHIRAS'S NEW SYSTEM OF
MALTING & BREWING.

IT is with pleasure the subscriber informs the Citizens of Pittsburgh, that notwithstanding the advanced prices of grain and labor, he is enabled to *reduce* the prices of Liquor, *upwards of TWENTY FIVE per cent.* Orders received at the Brewery will be executed promptly as usual. BARLEY purchased.

For James O'Hara.

GEO: SHIRAS.

Nov. 1, 1814. tfq

House and Lot,
FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell the HOUSE and LOT in which he at present resides, situated in Second street, between Wood and Market streets. The house is large and roomy; and its central situation makes it a desirable one for a boarding house or large family. He will give a generous credit, and possession the 1st of Oct. next; and if not disposed of at that time, it will be Let for 1 year. For particulars inquire of

TH: CROMWELL.

Aug. 10th 1814 tfq

FOR SALE,

ONE THIRD OF THE
WILLIAMSPORT GLASS WORKS,

WHICH are in operation—Also, the Stock on hand, Ashes, Pearl Ash, Salt, Waggon and Horses, Tools, &c. Any person inclining to purchase will be shewn the property and the terms made known, by applying to

JOHN M'CLELLAND.

April 17, 1815.

FOR SALE,

OR RENT ON PERPETUAL LEASE,
SIXTEEN LOTS OF GROUND.

SITUATE on the Allegheny river, in the Borough of Pittsburgh——Also, THREE LOTS, on Fourth street and Redoubt alley.—A plan of the Lots may be seen on application to the subscriber.

THOMAS WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, March 17, 1815.

Messrs. Bosler & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED
From LEE'S PATENT and FAMILY MEDICINE Store, New York,
A FRESH SUPPLY,
OF THE FOLLOWING GENUINE
MEDICINES.

A sovereign remedy for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, sore throats, and approaching Consumptions, and most disorders of the Breast and Lungs.

The celebrity acquired by this medicine through the U. States, for speedily removing coughs, colds, hoarseness, &c. exceeds all former examples. The following recommendation, selected from a very numerous list, will fully confirm what has been said of its unparalleled excellence.

"*To* H. LEE.

"Being desirous to make public, for the good of others, the excellent quality of HAMILTON'S ELIXIR, prepared by the late Mr. LEE, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it, which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast, received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breath being difficult, and frequently I have had suddenly to rise up in my bed, with all the horrors of immediate suffocation. Add to these, constant pain in my breast, a cough, a great loss of flesh and strength, and you may conceive that my symptoms evidently indicated an approaching consumption. The advice of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me, and the circumstances of my case, advised me to give "*Hamilton's Elixir*" a trial, saying he had used it in his practice, and always found it to do much good. A bottle was procured, and I found relief before I had taken half of it. I continued to use it, and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold, some of my former symptoms returned, but are always removed by a dose or two of the Elixir.

"GEORGE BRENER, JR.
"*No.* 21, *Budd street, Philadelphia.*"

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR.

Will prove a valuable acquisition to public speakers, who may be subject to temporary hoarseness and thickness of speech. In long confirmed Asthmatic complaints where a cure can scarcely be expected, *this medicine affords immediate relief*, moderating the fits of coughing, and rendering their recurrence less frequent. On children afflicted with the hooping cough, the like beneficial effects may confidently be expected.

HAMILTON'S
WORM LOZENGES.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will without pain or griping cleanse the stomach and bowels, of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many fatal disorders.

HAMILTON'S
GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders	Violent cramps in the stomach and back.
Consumptions	Indigestion
Lowness of spirits	Melancholy
Loss of appetite	Gout in the stomach
Impurity of blood	Pains in the limbs
Hysterical affections	Relaxations, &c.
Inward weaknesses	

HAMILTON'S
GENUINE ESSENCE & EXTRACT
OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Palsy, Lumbago, Numbness, White swelling, Chilblains, Bruises and Sprains, and pain in the Face and Neck.

This valuable remedy is prepared both in a fluid state and in pills, and thus excellently adapted for external and internal use.

ITCH CURED,
BY ONCE USING,
LEE'S SOVEREIGN OINTMENT.

The proprietor informs those persons and families who are suffering under this disease (against the infection of which no person is safe) that if this ointment is used at night on going to bed, it never fails to perform a cure by the following morning, as thousands who have used it during the last 10 years can testify. The peculiar excellencies of this infallible remedy for the ITCH, over every other, are the certainty of a cure by a single application; the ingredients being so innocent as to be applied with perfect safety to the tenderest infant, and its being not only free from any offensive smell, but equally agreeable with the most pleasant pomatum.

HAHN'S
TRUE AND GENUINE GERMAN
CORN PLAISTER,

An infallible remedy for Corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,
FOR THE TEETH AND GUMS.

HAHN'S
GENUINE EYE WATER,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the Eyes.

HAHN'S
ANTI BILIOUS PILLS,

Celebrated for the mildness of their operation, for being the best known remedy for cleansing the stomach & bowels.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS,

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

INFALLIBLE
AGUE AND FEVER DROPS,
For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

A multitude of attested cures performed by the above mecicines, may be seen at the place of sale.

Purchasers are requested to remember that an engraved label with the signature of HANNAH LEE, widow of the late Richard Lee, Jr. is affixed to each of the genuine medicines.

SOLD, WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
BY BOSLER & Co.
FRONT STREET, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS,
PITTSBURGH.

☞ Druggists and Country Storekeepers, will be treated with on liberal terms.

April 22, 1815. tfqcB&Co.

Valuable Property
AT AUCTION.

On the 27th day of JUNE next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Auction Store, corner of Front and Market Streets, will be Sold the following valuable Property, to wit:

No. 1. ONE Lot on Grant's Hill, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, marked in the plan of lots laid out by John Hoge, No. 33, being 30 feet in front on High street, and 145 feet in depth.

2. One lot adjoining the above of the same dimensions, being No. 34.

3. One lot 15 feet in front on High street, and 145 feet in depth, being one half of lot No. 45, in said plan.

4. One lot 45 feet in front and 145 feet in depth, being lot No. 46, and one half of lot No. 45, in said plan on which is erected a frame dwelling house subject to a yearly ground rent of 28 & 1-8th dolls.

5. One lot 22 feet front and 145 deep, being parts of lots Nos. 49 and 50.

6. One lot adjoining the above 20 feet front and 55 feet in depth, on which is erected a substantial and well finished two story dwelling house 20 feet by 30, nearly new, with a 2 story kitchen, &c. with the privilege of a 6 feet alley running into Coal street.

7 A lot 40 feet in front and 50 feet in depth to the aforesaid 6 feet alley with the use thereof, with a good dwelling house similar to the above.

8. A lot with the buildings thereon erected formerly occupied by the subscriber as a Tilt Hammer and Smith shop, with the contents thereof, as they now stand, the lots being 84 feet front on Coal street, and 140 feet in depth with the privilege of said 6 feet alley.

2 One lot at the corner of High and Coal streets, being 89 feet on High, and 56 feet on Coal street, with the privilege of the alley.

A plan of the Lots may be seen, and the terms of Sale made known by application to MAGNUS M. MURRAY, Esq. or to

DENNIS S. SCULLY, *Auct'r.*

GREENSBURGH & PITTSBURGH
TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE President, Managers and Co. have directed the 4th, 5th, 6th Instalments of 10 per cent each on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer in manner following, viz:—The 4th on or before the 6th of May; the 5th on or before the 6th of July; and the 6th on or before the 5th of August; of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WM. FREIDT, Treasurer.

1st April, 1815. 6m

Instalments, if paid within 60 days of the times appointed respectively, will be received as heretofore by Messrs. Lackey, Stewart and Morrow. W F.

FOR SALE,
AT THIS OFFICE,
BLANK SUMMONSES,
For Justices of the Peace, handsomely Printed on good paper.

A CERTAIN CURE
FOR THE RHEUMATISM.

POLYANDRIA,
OR,
The Essential OIL of the Cajiput Tree.
A MEDICINE,

UNIVERSALLY esteemed among the East Indians, as a safe and certain cure for the Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Epilepsey, &c. restoring vigor after laxations and sprains, giving relief in pains of the head and neck, toothache, &c. and since it has been introduced into England (which is of very late date) has been highly recommended, by some of the most eminent physicians in London, as the best and most effectual remedy for the Gout as well as the Rheumatism, by dissolving the *Coagulated Lymph*, of which these diseases are formed. In wounded tendons it is of the greatest use by preventing the juice which oozes out of them from fixing. Bruizes and sprains it infallibly cures, for it keeps the extravasated Lymph and blood perfectly dissolved, and prevents their fixing in the interstices of the vessels, till nature either takes them up by the refluent blood, or expels them through the pores of the skin.

Long contracted sprains are removed by it, and it is of the utmost service for the cramp and numbness, stiffness, or weakness of the joints. It is a most efficacious remedy for burns and scalds, extracting the fire very soon, and if used immediately, will entirely prevent them from blistering. It is excellent for a fresh cut. It is of infinite use for the sting of wasps, &c. bite of rattlesnakes, gnats and other venomous animals and other insects.

The above Valuable Medicine, has been but lately introduced into Europe and America in consequence of the Tree from which it is produced, yielding its essential Oil, but in small quantities, and this chiefly monopolized by the government, owing to the great virtue it was found to possess, in the cure of Rheumatisms, &c. the proprietor has divided the original packages, and put it up in smaller bottles made for the purpose, with directions round each bottle, signed in his own hand writing; and in order to demonstrate its vast importance, has tho't proper to submit for public inspection, the following out of the numerous cures, which by this valuable MEDICINE, has been performed since its general use in this country.

Letter from Mr. JAS: WOODMAN, *near Norfolk, to Mr.* C. MULLIN.

JULY 23, 1813.

DEAR SIR—My son has been more than 8 years afflicted with a Rheumatic Complaint. The excessive pain he constantly endured, reduced him to a mere skeleton; and from extreme weakness occasioned even the joints of his legs to turn out of their sockets. A very eminent physician at Norwich, whom I consulted, informed me nothing could be done for him, and the faculty in general considered him beyond the reach of medicine. He remained in this desperate situation, till the 19th Oct. last, when I was advised to try your "*Essential Oil of the Cajiput Tree.*" Accordingly by persevering in the use of it, his joints are returned to their proper places, and he is now able to walk 10 miles with the greatest ease. Upwards of fifty respectable persons in this town, have been at my house to see my son, all who knew him, thought it impossible he ever could recover.

I am, dear sir,
Your greatly obliged friend,
JAMES WOODMAN.

Broomsgrove, Jan. 4, 1814.

SIR—I have been violently afflicted with a Rheumatic Complaint; even my fingers were so contracted, that I could neither dress nor undress myself, or give the least assistance to my family.

I have only used one bottle of the *Essential Oil of the Cajiput Tree*, and by it I am perfectly restored.

Yours, &c.
E. HOUGHTON.

December 20, 1813.

SIR—A severe stroke of the palsy, 6 months ago, deprived me of my speech and the use of one side. In this desperate situation, the *Oil of Cajiput Tree*, was strongly recommended, and I thank GOD, as successfully applied. By persevering in its use a short time, I was completely restored and continue to enjoy the perfect use of my faculties, although near 80 years of age.

Yours, &c.
W. FRANCIS.

No. 14, *Arabello Row, Pimlico.*

☞ Mr. FRANCIS has held a public situation at the Guildhall of the City of Westminster, many years, and is well known to the generality of the respectable inhabitants.

Witherslatch, near Kental, January 13, 1813.

SIR—I beg leave to inform you I have been several months past afflicted with such violent pains in my hips, thighs and legs, and swelling of my joints, that I could not rest day or night; nothing that was applied gave me any relief, till a neighbor informed me of the *Oil of the Cajiput Tree*, having performed many surprising cures, sent for a bottle to Mr. Mullin, which gave wonderful relief, and by repeating the same 2 or 3 times, I am perfectly cured, and am as well as ever I was in my life.

This I have publicly given under my hand, for the good of all sufferers in like circumstences.

R. WILSON.

The above Valuable MEDICINE is SOLD ONLY by
BOSLER AND Co.
FRONT, BETWEEN MARKET & WOOD STREETS,
And ONLY Agents for the Proprietors in PITTSBURGH.

May 2, 1815.

WILLIAM HILL,

HAS removed from his former stand to the S. E. corner of Market and Fourth Streets, where he is now opening a large and general assortment of

NEW GOODS,

suitable to the present and approaching season, which will be sold, wholesale and retail, on moderate terms, for cash or negotiable paper.

ALSO,

150 pieces cotton plaids,

which will be sold by the piece or case at the Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage only.

April 12, 1815. 8tq

N B. All persons indebted to William Hill prior to the 1st of Jan. last, are requested to make immediate payment. It is hoped this notice will be attended to.

☞ P. S. I will take AN APPRENTICE to the Mercantile Business.

GRAIN.

ONE DOLLAR TWELVE & AN HALF CENTS per Bushel for WHEAT—FIFTY CENTS for RYE, given at the

PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL.

April 17, 1815.

For Sale or Rent,

THE BUILDINGS and LOTS of GROUND at the corner of Diamond alley and Liberty street, occupied by the subscriber as a woolen factory.

The front of the Lots affords an eligible situation for building on Liberty street.

ALSO—FOR SALE, one WOOL CARDING MACHINE, a Billy and Jenny.

GEO: COCHRAN, *of Rh'd.*

April 24, 1815.

LOTS FOR SALE,

IN THE TOWN OF
WOOSTER.

ON TUESDAY, THE 11th DAY of JULY NEXT, the subscriber, will sell on the premises, at public sale, FORTY LOTS in the town of Wooster, (Ohio.)

Nos. 4, 5 6, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 31, 32, 33, 58, 62, 82, 117, '18, '19, 130, '35, '36, '37, '38, '39, 140, '41, '42, '43, '44, '45, '46, 151, '53, '54, '56, '57, '58, 172, '74 and '79,

Together with a number of Out Lots, convenient to the town, containing from 3 to 5 acres each. A plan may be seen by applying to the subscriber. Terms of sale, a small portion in hand and a liberal credit given for the remainder.

JOSEPH H. LARWILL.

Wooster, April 17, 1815.

BATH HOUSE.

THE BATH HOUSE, next door to the Steam Mill, is now open, and attendance will be given from 6 o'clock in the morning, till 10 at night, and on Sunday morning till 9 o'clock. Pittsburgh, April 17, 1815

D. A. NORTHROP,

MERCHANT TAYLOR,
Corner of Market and Water Streets,

Has just received a large and elegant assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, VESTING, &c.

WHICH he offers for sale as low as can be purchased in the place. He also continues to carry on the TAYLORING BUSINESS in all its various branches, where GARMENTS of every description will be made on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. He flatters himself from his knowledge of the business and the strict attention to it, to give generals satisfaction.

For the accommodation of gentlemen who are travelling and others, he keeps ready made CLOTHING, suitable for the present and approaching season, of all descriptions; which he will sell on moderate terms.

Pittsburgh, April 8, 1815—tfq

FOR SALE,

Two out-lots Nos. 5 & 6,

PART OF THE FARM of the late Hector Semple, Esq. being 32 Perches in Front on the Monongahela River, running back 67 Perches, containing THIRTEEN ACRES AND SIXTY FOUR PERCHES, more or less. The Lots are handsomely situated for a Country seat, having an extensive view up and down the river. Any person wishing to purchase may know the terms by applying to the subscriber.

GEO: ROBINSON.

N. B. They will be sold together or separate for accommodation.

Pittsburgh, May 8, 1815.

BALTIMORE, *May* 13.

FROM FRANCE.

Arrived, schr. Manlius, capt. YOUNG, 33 days from Bordeaux.

The Manlius dropped down the river 2 days before sailing. An order for an Embargo was received on the morning of the 7th, when the supercargo hurried down and got under way from Cordevan on the 10th. A French vessel under the Bourbon flag was captured off there by the British and the people landed. In consequence of the communication being cut off between Bordeaux & other ports, it was impossible to learn what vessels had lately arrived or sailed.

Bordeaux declared for the Emperor 2d April. It was reported that Austria would take side with him; nothing was known of the other powers advancing towards France. All France has declared for Bonaparte. We have not been able as yet to obtain any of the papers brought by the Manlius; we learn verbally that the dates she brings are to the 6th April, but whether from Paris or Bordeaux only, we are not informed. A passenger reports that an Embargo was laid in France about the time of the departure of the Manlius. The report that Austria had declared for Bonaparte is rather improbable when compared with the solemn declaration so recently signed by the minister of that government; that Bordeaux had declared for Bonaparte is much more probable.

Latest from the Continent of Europe.

The Isabel, arrived at Boston, has brought London papers to April 4.

The London Times, of April 3, says—It is officially announced that Louis 18th is at Ghent; that the garrison of Lisle has declared for Bonaparte; and that Bonaparte is sending all his disposable force towards Belgium. The Moniteur observes, that the Emperor had left the army, and returned to Paris. Lord Wellington had arrived in Belgium, where he was to take command of the Dutch, Hanoverian, Belgium, & English troops, with the addition of 20,000 Russians placed under his charge by the Emperor Alexander, forming an army of 150,000 men. Prince Schwartzenburg was to command the Russian and Austrian army—Blucher the Prussian; part of the latter had crossed the Rhine. Marshal Augereau, for whose head Bonaparte offered a price, had joined the Emperor. The Duke D'Angouleme was at Marseilles, which city still held out for the Bourbons. Dieppe was declared a free port for the English.

From the London Pilot, received by the Hope, from Cork.

We are sorry to understand that some officers of rank are considered to have proved deficient in the performance of their duty, in the late affair at N. Orleans, to such a degree as to call for strict and immediate investigation by Court Martial, which is to take place with all convenient expedition. The deficiency alluded to is said to be the cause of the loss of the lives of Gens. PACKENHAM, and GIBBS and KEAN, who felt themselves under the necessity of putting themselves forward to rally the men, and to shew them a becoming example of boldness in the tempest of fire which they had to encounter. Gen. GIBBS is said to have expressed himself in terms of the strongest denunciation in the event of his living and returning to England, respecting one officer, whom we forbear to mention or to describe. We must however observe, that Gen. PAKENHAM, is said from the first view, to have considered the American position too strong to admit of a reasonable prospect of its being without vast loss and difficulty, taken by the force under his command; but he considered that to re-embark without making the attempt, would be worse than a failure, and that by the boldness and bravery of the troops, animated by the example of the officers, so conspicuously exhibited by himself and the gallant Generals, who so gloriously perished with him, there was a chance of prevailing, which he resolved, under all the circumstances, to try.

LONDON, MARCH 24.

The third Punic war has commenced; and the nations of Europe, if they would avoid degradation, chains, and slavery, must exert and mantain a degree of energy suited to the emergency. It was no slight blunder that the Allies committed when they allowed the murderer to escape whom the Ruler of the Universe had put into their power. Let them learn wisdom from past events, and act now as become them.

Yesterday, several faithful French nobles attached to their legitimate and beloved, but unfortunate monarch, reached London, as did also a number of respectable inhabitants and merchants from different parts of France. They relate the following facts, respecting those events which now engross the whole conversation of the public: The number of National Guards, Volunteers, and other troops, collected at Melun, to stop the march and crush the hopes of the tyrant, were estimated at not less than 100,000 men. The best spirit seemed to prevail among them. They appeared devoted to the cause of the King, and eager to meet and repel his antagonist. A powerful artillery strengthened their positions. Relying on their numbers they had left the town, the rocks, and the forest of Fontainbleau unguarded, preferring the plains of Melun, where the whole of their army might act at once against the comparitively small band of the invader.

Sunday last Bonaparte reached Fontainbleau, which he occupied without the least opposition. He had at that time with him only 15,000 troops, but other divisions were either following him, or advancing to support his right and left flanks on parallel lines of march. Ney, whose corps is stated to have amounted to 30,000 men, had previously communicated to the Court a declaration signed by the whole army under his command, both officers and privates, in which they stated, "that they respected him too much to deceive him; that they would not fight for Louis XVIIIth, and that they would shed all their blood for Napoleon the Great." This declaration, which sufficiently explains the apparent hesitation, inactivity or want of skill in Ney, did not however, entirely extinguish the hopes of the Bourbons. They still relied on the good disposition and numbers of the troops at Melun, and blinded by the addresses, sent up from many garrisons and provinces, at the very moment of their defection, still tho't that the cause would be espoused, by the nation as her own. As a measure of precaution, however, part of the King's horse was dispatched to secure the road to Calais, in case a retreat should prove necessary, and on the 19th occupied Amiens.

Early on the morning of Monday, preparations were made on both sides for the encounter which was expected to take place. The French army was drawn up *en etages*, on 3 lines, the intervals and flanks armed with batteries. The centre occupied the Paris road. The ground from Fontainbleau to Melun is a continual declivity, so that on emerging from the forest you have a clear view of the country before you, whilst, on the other hand, those below can easily descry whatever appears on eminence. An awful silence, broken only at times by peals of martial music, intended to confirm the loyalty of the trooops by repeating the Royal airs of *Vive Henry Quatre, et La Belle Gabrielle*, or by the voice of the commanders and the march of divisions to their appointed ground pervaded the King's army. All was expectation; the Chiefs, conscious that a moment would decide the fate of the Bourbon dynasty, and the troops, perhaps secretly awed at the tho't of meeting in hostility, the man whom they had been accustomed to obey.

On the side of Fontainbleau, no sound as of an army rushing to battle was heard—if the enemy was advancing, his troops evidently moved in silence. At length a light trampling of horses became audible. It approached; an open carriage attended by a few hussars and dragoons, appeared on the skirts of the forest. It drove down the hills with the rapidity of lightning; it reached the advanced posts—"Long live the Emperor!" burst from the astonished soldiery. "Napoleon! the Great!" spread from rank to rank; for, bareheaded Bertrand seated at his right, and Drouet at his left, Napoleon continued his course, now waving his hand, now opening his arms to the soldiers, whom he called his friends, his companions in arms, whose honor, whose glories, whose country, (the tyrant said) he now came to restore. All discipline was forgotten, disobeyed and insulted, the commanders in chief, took flight—thousands rushed on his passage; acclamations rent the sky.

At that moment his own guarded descended the hill; the imperial march was played; the eagles were once more displayed, and those whose deadly weapons were to have been aimed at each other's life, embraced as brothers, and joined in universal shouts. In the midst of these greetings did Napoleon pass through the whole of the Royal army, and placing himself as if he had, pursued his course to Paris. The population of the villages flocked round him; the inhabitants of Paris, informed of his approach, came out to meet him, and at the head of 200,000 persons, (to the eternal disgrace of Frenchmen be it said) in the midst of enthusiastic acclamation, did he re-enter the capital, and seat himself in the Palace of Kings.

It was about 4 o'clock in the afternoon when Bonaparte reached Paris. Though the concourse of people was, as we have stated, very great, the troops by whom he was immediately accompanied were under 100. They marched in with arms reversed. The troops which came into Paris soon after did not, it is said remain in the city, but only marched through to the west and north suburbs.

In one word, though the crowd was immense, there was no tumult, and the scene might rather be compared to the civic exit of a Lord Mayor from office to make room for his peaceful successor, than to one of those mighty movements which threatened the human race with war, misery, and desolation, in all their most frightful forms.

BOSTON, MAY 10.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND & FRANCE.

Yesterday, arrived, the Spanish brig Isabel, from England, via St. Michaels. We are indebted to the politeness of a passenger for files of London papers to the 29th March, and for the following information in manuscript.

"The Isabel brings papers and letters rom London to the 30th March. On her leaving St. Michaels, on the 18th of April, accounts had been received there from London to the 2d, and from Cork to the 7th of that month, and from Paris to the 28th March.

These accounts stated that there was a division in the British cabinet relative to the question of renewing the war with France. Lord Liverpool opposed it upon the ground of the present resources of England being inadequate. Lord Castlereagh, and the majority of the ministers, were for joining the Allies in the general cause against Bonaparte. In consequence of this dissention it was expected that lord L. would retire from office.

Napoleon set out for Paris but came back again. His departure was supposed to have been with the intention of proceeding to Belgium, and his sudden return to have been occasioned by the commotions in some departments of France. It is stated that the duke D'Angouleme was at Marseilles, the inhabitants of which city, held out for the Bourbons, and that the Duc de Bourbon was in La Vendee, with a considerable force. Napoleon had another review of his troops in Paris on the 27th; but it did not appear that he had presented himself any where else in publick. He had adopted several mild measures, with a view of showing pacific intentions.

A proclamation had been made by the Duc de Castiglione, to the 14th military division, which he commanded declaring that the army had been deceived and disgraced by the Bourbons, and that the Emperor was the only one who could restore its former glory.

The accounts from Vienna stated that the news of Bonaparte having reached Lyons had arrived there and had decided the Emperors of Russia and Austria, and the King of Prussia, then in that city, to order the most prompt and vigorous measures to be adopted. Forces were ordered to be marched from all quarters towards the frontiers of France. That Prince Schwartzenberg was to command the Austrian, Prince Blucher the Russian and the Duke of Wellington the English, Dutch and Hanoverian army.

That the Archduchess Maria Louisa, was to take her title of Duchess of Parma, Placentia, &c. and had by the advice of the Emperor her father, retired from Vienna to the interior of Germany."

From the National Intelligencer.

The following extracts from letters addressed to the secretary of war, and which he have obtained permission to publish, depict in lively colours traits of individual heroism, which shed a lustre on the national character.

Extract of a letter from Col. William M'Rhee, to Maj. Gen. W. Scott, dated New York, April 9, 1815.

"If any apology could be thought necessary for this letter, you, I have no doubt, will find one in the subject of it.

I am anxious to interest you in behalf of brevet Lt. O'Fling, of the 11th infantry, who wishes to procure a Cadet's warrant for his brother Edmund O'Fling, a lad 14 years old, and now a private of the 23d regt.

Lt. O'Fling was wounded by a cannon ball in the battle of the Falls of Niagara, and joined the army during the siege of Fort Erie, immediately on his recovery. In the sortie on the 17th of Sept he solicited and obtained the command of the forlorn of the 1st brigade, under Gen. Miller; of 24 men of which it consisted, 20 were killed and wounded. After receiving the enemy's fire and passing the centre of their entrenchments, he advanced with his little party against a block house containing 36 men of De Watteville's regt. and captured it. At the same time, his brother, Ensign T. E. O'Fling, of the 23d inf'y, with Ensign Brant of the same regt. stormed and carried a large block house on the right of the trenches, occupied by 60 men. Ensign O'Fling received a wound while standing on the top of the building, of which he died the next day.

That these block houses were taken at the sortie, has been made known publicly; but the manner of the achievement, and by whom does not appear. The youth, Edmund O'Fling, for whom the appointment of Cadet is requested, has already proved, that he shares with his brother, that gallantness of spirit which seems a family inheritance, On the night of the 25th of July he was so fortunate as to rescue without assistance, Lt. Tappan of the 23d regt. from the hands of a British officer.

A plain recital of such conduct conveys the best eulogium (within my knowledge) of those who perform it. I have done nothing more."

Extract of a letter from Maj. Gen. W. Scott to the sec'y of war, dated Washington, April 18, 1815.

"I have the honor to enclose a letter from col. M'Rhee, of the Engineers, on a subject as highly interesting as any that occurred during the late war. Let me request that you will oblige me by looking over it a moment of leisure.—Most of the facts narrated by the colonel are known to me personally, and I could add many others of the same character.

Lieut. Patrick O'Fling, his 3 brothers, and father, entered the army on the same day, in 1812, all for 5 years. In 1813, gen. Dearborn recognized in the father, (a sentinel before his door) a soldier who had served under him with credit during the revolutionary war. About the same time Mrs. O'Fling, a most respectable matron, came to fort George on a visit to her husband and 4 sons. Patrick, the son, then about 18, was sick in the hospital. I prevailed on Gen. Dearborn to discharge him from the service, that he might return with his mother. In April, 1814, Patrick, (now lt. O,Fling) raised a company of volunteers, marched to Buffalo, and requested to be attached to my brigade. The handsome deportment of the young Captain, and his little band, induced me to consent; and soon after, I procured him a commission in the 9th regt. belonging to my brigade.

Colonel M'Rhee has already narrated some of the enterprizes in which this young hero was engaged; a little volume might be filled with his deeds of chivalry for such they appear to the whole army, who took an active interest in his career.

I beg leave to make you several little requests in behalf of the survivors of this family.

A Cadet's warrant for lieut. O'Fling, mentioned by col. M'Rhee; and honorable discharge for Patrick O'Fling, (the father) and a like discharge for Charles W. House, (half brother) both of the 23d regt."

[The O'Flings are from Batavia, N. York. It is unnecessary to add, that every thing which has been asked for this family, that has deserved so well of its country, was promptly granted by the acting secretary of war.

KINGSTON, (U. C.) *April* 17.

Maj. General BROWN, in his late visit to Kingston, performed an act of justice, which does him more honor than all he has yet acquired in the field of battle.—Some years previous to the war, he got deeply in debt to a merchant of Kingston, the payment of which he eluded, by a quirk of the law in the state of N. York. The General no doubt wishing to wipe off all stains on his character, bro't money enough to pay the debt exceeding $8000

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1815.

☞ Just received at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette, an handsome assortment of JOB and other TYPE. Blanks, Cards, Handbills, and Printing in general executed with neatness and despatch.

The St. Louis and Kaskaskia papers state, that the Indians still continue to commit depredations on the frontiers in that quarter, murdering people and plundering and destroying property. Govs. CLARKE and EDWARDS, and Mr. CHATEAU, are appointed to treat with the Mississippi tribes; but a general peace is not expected for some time. From Ohio and Indiana, we learn, that it was thought, one or more expeditions of mounted men, will be necessary, to bring some tribes to their senses; but we do not hear of any preparations making to that effect.

It is stated, in a German paper, that the number of human beings who have fallen by the sword, or by sickness in military camps and prisons, since 1802, exceeds 5,080,000.

The new Catholic Cathedral, erected in New-York, is 120 feet long, 80 wide, and between 75 and 80 high. It is in the Gothic style, and presumed to be the most elegant Church in America. At the recent consecration, there were upwards of 4000 persons assembled within its walls.

The following Consular appointments we learn, have been recently made by the President; Col. T. ASPINWALL, of the army, Consul at London. Com. J. LEWIS, to be consul at Malta. THOS: D. ANDERSON, to be consul at Tunis.

A dreadful accident happened at Scilla, in Further Calabria. During a storm which happened on the 14th of January, the lightning fell on a vast magazine of powder, and 58 soldiers of the 4th regt. were killed by the explosion. A considerable part of the works of the fortress were destroyed, and by the fall of the ruins 36 persons were killed. Three whole families were victims of this terrific accident.—*London pap.*

Even Sailing.—Three vessels which sailed from Canton, (China) in company, all bound to Boston, have arrived within a few hours of each other, after a passage of 9,000 miles. The following is the order in which they came in: the brig Rambler on Monday, the ship Jacob Jones on Tuesday, and the brig Tamaahah on Wednesday. These arrivals one in each day for 3 days in succession, with valuable cargoes produce a revenue to the amount of between 3 and 400,000 dollars. Another similar arrival is daily expected at Baltimore, which will afford the government upwards of $ 100,000 more How forcibly do these facts overthrow the refinement of philosophick, Virginia politicians, who are never easy, unless they are meddling and regulating and restricting our commerce! Leave it free to pursue its own course, unfettered with artificial restraints, but simply afford it protection, and it will waft the riches of the globe to your shores.

[*Balt. Telegraph.*

A sermon was preached at the Episcopal Church in this village on Sunday the 7th May, by the Hon. and Reverend CHARLES STEWART. This gentlemen we understand to be son to the late and brother to the present Earl of Galloway, and to have regularly graduated in the University of Oxford. These qualifications might well draw attention upon him which may be fairly converted into admiration when we add, that in early youth he quitted the path marked out to him by birth and education towards power, opulence and fame—not for the sake of wandering in the flowery ways of luxury, or even more venial indolence, but actuated by the pious idea of proclaiming the glad tidings of Salvation in the Wilderness; he has succeeded in becoming the spiritual father of two numerous congregations where before the Gospel had never been preached. History may hereafter reward Mr. Stewart for his services and self-denial, adding to the annals of the noble house of Galloway, that with its warriors and statesmen it can count a higher character, an Apostle of Jesus Christ, who knows no nationality short of his species, who excludes no sect from his charity and good will, at the same time that he is most firmly attached to the doctrines of the church of which he is so active and worthy a minister.

[*Troy N. Y. Post.*

FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

MR. SCULL,

The Proclamation of his Tonsorial Majesty, which appeared lately in your Gazette, yesterday caught my eye and led me into a little speculation concerning the foundation of a Barber's standing in Society. If the effusion, (such as it is) be thought worthy of a place in your columns you will please insert it.

5th May, 1815.

WHEN, "like a lobster boil'd," the rising Morn
From black to varying red begins to turn,
How eagerly the nimble foot of Light
Kicks every lingering shadow out of sight!
How sparkling, too, the laughing landscape seems!
As if half tipsy made, by Sol's first beams.
So, when the veil of ignorance had spread
Its dingy folds round Europe's barbarous head,
Refinement came, and with benignant mien,
Scattered her smiles, and gladdened all the scene.
— Philosophy, with telescopick eyes,
Is pleased to trace the ARTS as they arise,
And, with her finger, can precisely point
To times of yore, when all was *out of joint*:
With like exactness, on the *world's great chart*,
She notes those nations most improved by art,
And classifies them all, as they advance,
From rude Kamschatka, up to polished France.
.... To look no further let us briefly scan
The civilizing faculties of man;
And, lest the outlines take too wide a stretch,
The chin of man shall bound our hasty sketch.
The human pate, for ages had remained
Almost unseen, and wholly unexplained—
And had Lavater lived in Esau's days,
He would have lost all claim to public praise;
For, ere his darling science could be known,
The features of the face must have been shorn
And, pray, how could this index have appeared
Through the close thicket of a bushy beard!
—Hence we perceive that SCIENCE called on Art
To *shave the face* that she might read the heart.
Obedient to the call, the BARBER came
And stuck his *pole* upon the block of Fame.
He tried the *razor*, and at once displayed
How much we stand indebted to his trade:
For, when you want to *find* a fool or knave,
Bid him be seated, and let TIBBETTS shave,
And every lineament and secret mark,
Which his huge beard had sheltered in the dark,
By this shrewd operation, shows at once,
Whom nature coined a rascal, whom a dunce.
.... The Jew and Musselman elude this check
By wearing on their chins their beards at large;
Since, if well *lathered*, twice or thrice a week,
Their real worth through every *suit would leak*.
And all their thoughts, magnanimous or mean,
Would be exposed to all without a screen.
These, therefore, strive to impose upon the world,
With beards of various forms straight, shaggy, curl'd,
Meaning, we mean, to hide, by this disguise,
Their cue by nature, from inquiring eyes.
—Nor can the observing muse, who means to place
TIBBETTS's renown upon a lasting base,
Forbear to laud the destiny or lot
Which fixed his tabernacle on this spot;—
For, in what region could a barber prop
The pole of invitation to his shop
With such success, as where the smoke and dust
Adhere to every countenance, like rust,
So uniformly brown, that friends might meet,
Or pass, like strangers by, in open street;
Unless the Barber's hand *sometimes* applied
His suds and scraper to their dusky hide,
In order to remove the *glove*, or case,
And let their neighbours stare them in the face.
This PITTSBURGH, is thy due, an honest praise
Which now the muse without reluctance pays,
Well pleas'd, forsooth, that she has found a time
To celebrate thy atmosphere in rhyme.
To end this panegyric, TIBBETTS skill
New models mother Nature's works at will—
Convincing proof, that Nature somewhat errs
Till Art's contrivance comes to succour hers.
When man at first (as all must know) appeared,
His chin was ornamented with a beard;
But fashion soon began to jeer and scoff
And he, with much politeness, cast it off.
So, vice versa, in a humourous gig
She spared no pains to conjure up a wig,
And chose capriciously to place it, where
Nature had lodged a full supply of hair.
This ludicrous contrivance shows how much
Art can improve on Nature with a touch,
And manifests, too, that the Barber's pole
Usurps in Christendom entire controul.
For not the bearded world alone succumb
Beneath the Barber's all subduing thumb;
But beardless beauty also owns his sway,
And Fashion's whims religiously obey.
Thus, then, O TIBBETTS! has the bard essayed
To weave this wreath in honour of thy name
Accept the homage, which is justly thine,
And ah! if e'er this smoky phiz of mine
Should in thy shop (where it has oft appeared)
Be recognized—deal gently with my beard!
And if I merit aught, pray stick a twig
Of bays or laurel in my Sunday wig.

YORICK.

NEW-YORK, *May* 15.

The Constitution Frigate.—By the pilot-boat Rambler, which came up this morning from Sandy Hook, we learn that the Constitution frigate, Captain Stewart, arrived off Sandy Hook yesterday afternoon from a cruise.

May 16.—The Constitution frigate, in company with the sloop of war Erie, crossed the bar this day at 1 o'clock, and is now coming up with a favorable breeze.

The Constitution touched at St. Louis de Maranham, N. W. coasts of the Brazils on the 9th of April, where Captain Stewart landed his prisoners. On the 26th, to windward of the West Indies, fell in with a 74, and was induced to believe from her manœuvres that a peace had been concluded between England and the United States.

BONAPARTE.

The public, being now fully apprized of the fact, that Bonaparte had quietly re-ascended the throne of France, wait with anxiety to see what is to follow from this new and unexpected revolution. The idea, that Napoleon Bonaparte is an altered man; that his professions of pea-

...sincere, or that he has renounced the plan ...foreign conquests, is too unsubstantial to rest ...ment in the mind of any one who reasons ...ly on the operation of human passions. The ...ter of Bonaparte, so far as it has been deve...ped, since his return to Paris, shews the na...ral acuteness and undiminished strength of his ...nd—it is exactly such a course of conduct as ...s calculated to strengthen his own arm, and ...aken that of his adversaries—it is the natural ...oming of the tiger, who first "*crouches* before ...e leaps upon his prey." Instead, therefore, of ...ulging our thoughts on the *patriotism* and ...elegating our thoughts on the *patriotism* and ...ighteousness of such a man as Bonaparte, we shall ...ll them more usefully in preparing ourselves ...gainst future encroachments of his power; and ...y urging upon the allied nations of Europe the ...most vigorous prosecution of measures to put ...im down, as a common outlaw, and disturber ...f the peace of the world; for to hold any terms ...with him would be dangerous—and the coalition ...who have acquired so much merited renown ...by their gallant defence of persecuted humanity, ...will leave their glorious work unfinished, if ...they leave the modern Attila is again permitted to wield ...the sceptre of France.

CHARLESTON, (S. C.) May 8.

Shocking Occurrence.—It is with deep regret ...we have to state that on Saturday last, between ...11 and 12 o'clock, in Broad street, Dr. DAVID ...RAMSAY was shot in the back, by an insane per...son named Lining. He was armed with a large ...pistol, loaded with three buckshot, two of which ...entered near the small of the Doctor's back.—One of which is supposed to have lodged in the ...bowels, and has not been extracted. The other, ...it is said, passed through his body, and came ...out near the abdomen. It is not yet known whe...ther the wounds will prove mortal, but appre...hensions of such an issue are entertained. The ...immediate perpetrator of the deed was immedi...ately committed to prison.

Our Charleston correspondent informs us ...that Dr. Ramsay died on the morning of the 8th ...inst. *Adv.*]

THOMAS POPE,

Architect,

BRIDGE BUILDER AND LAND SURVEYOR,

PITTSBURGH

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that having the honor of possessing a practical as well as theoretical knowledge in the above business ons, he is ready to furnish with suitable plans (and execute if required) for BRIDGES, Water Locks, &c. for Canal Navigation, Church-es, Town Halls, Banking Houses, Jails, Lazarettos, or any other Public Building.

Also, Gentlemens' Town Houses, Country Villas, Retreats, Conservatories, Garden Temples, and many other useful and ornamental buildings, suited to advance and secure the comforts of retirement.

☞ Gentlemen about to build, or Master Workmen, may be supplied with Plans of Improvement worthy their attention.

May 26, 1815.

LOST.

A RED Morocco Pocket Book, containing some papers, among which is a discharge for Pierre Fisher, from the Navy, and a pension ...ate to the same, signed by Dr. Robert R. ... The finder will confer a particular ob...ligation, besides being rewarded, by leaving the Book, with its contents, at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

May 5, 1815.

KENTUCKY BACON.

40,000lbs just arrived, and will be sold cheap out of the Boat. Apply to

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, May 26, 1815.

NOTICE

To Farmers and Capitalists.

THE subscriber intending to remove from this Country, offers for Sale the FARM on which he at present resides, situated at the head of Lavour's Island. This property is too well known to require a more particular description. If not Sold before the first day of October, it will then be for Rent.

Also, for Sale, a very valuable Stock, consisting of MERINO SHEEP, HOGS, CATTLE, &c.

W. D. SIMMS.

Valley Farm, May 24, 1815.

Pot and Pearl Ash.

50 Barrels POT ASH,

20 do. PEARL ASH,

FOR SALE BY

ORMSBY & DOANE.

Pittsburgh, May 25, 1815.

Wool Carding.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has erected a Carding Machine, At his FULLING MILL, on Montour's Run, calculated for Carding MERINO and COMMON WOOLS, which is now in complete operation.

He will attend to business in person; and, from experience, hopes to give satisfaction to all who may please to favour him with their custom.

JOHN WALKER.

Moon Township, May 19, 1815. 3wq

JAMES LAUBIE,

Has just received at his Store in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, and offers for Sale at reduced prices, wholesale and retail, the following Articles—

LIME JUICE,	Raisins,
Madeira Wine,	Almonds,
do.	Scotch Herrings,
Coffee do.	Olives and Anchovies,
Cherry Spirits,	Boulogne Sausages
French Brandy,	Spanish Cigars,
Holland Gin,	Loaf Sugar,
Teas,	Claret,
Spices,	Vin de Grave, &c.

May 24, 1815.

Just Received and for Sale

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

PRUNES,

SWEET OIL,

SHELLED ALMONDS,

SWEET MEATS,

SCOTCH HERRING,

PORTO. by the Barrel,

SPANISH CIGARS.

HE KEEPS A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF

COGNIAC BRANDY,

WINES AND OTHER LIQUORS,

WHITE AND PICKLING VINEGAR, of a superior quality,

and a general assortment of GROCERIES.

Lewis Bollman,

Corner of Front Street and Cherry Alley.

Pittsburgh, May 23, 1815.

NOTICE.

SOME time since the subscriber gave his note of hand to WILLIAM WUSTHOFF, late Sheriff of Allegheny County, in part payment of the purchase money of Seven Tracts of Land, sold by the said Sheriff for Taxes—and, whereas it appears, that the Sale was illegal, and that no title can be made me for the said Tracts of Land, I therefore give this public notice cautioning all persons from taking an assignment of said note, as I am determined not to pay it, unless compelled by due course of law.

JOSEPH DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1815.

THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he continues to carry on the BOOT and SHOE MAKING in all its various branches, at his *Old Stand* in Market Street, between Front and Water Streets, where all who are desirous of being supplied with the best and most fashionable Boots and Shoes, are requested to call.

He has opened, at the same place, a

Shoe Store,

where every variety of LADIES, MENS, BOYS and CHILDRENS' SHOES, may be had on the most reasonable terms, wholesale and retail.

MATTHEW BARNWELL.

Pittsburgh, May 26, 1815.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an alias writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court-House in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 3d day of June next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon,

All the right, title, claim and interest of Henry M'Killip, sen. of, in, and to, twenty acres of clear land, more or less, situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county, bounded by lands of Geo. Vallandigham, Hugh Boyle, and others; the right of which is derived by virtue of an article of agreement between the said Henry and James Gray, bearing date 2d February, 1814, and recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Allegheny county. Seized and taken in execution, at the suit of James Gray, and to be sold by

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*

May 27, 1815.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, *On Wednesday, the 7th day of June next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

1.—All the right, title, interest, and claim of RODERICK CAMERON, of, in, and to, one Lot of Ground, situate in Sidneyville, St. Clair township, Allegheny County, numbered 55, in the general plan of Sidneyville, bounded as follows, being 60 feet on Franklin street, extending the same breadth 150 feet to Harmony alley, northwardly by Ross street, and southwardly by lot No. 54, on which is erected a small frame house. At the suit of John Cameron.

2. All the right, title, interest and claim of SIMON SMALL, of, in, and to the following described property, viz:—A part of lot No 116, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, lately rented on a perpetual lease to James Patrick, at $ 20 per annum, being 20 feet in front on Penn street, and running towards Liberty street 120 feet, to ground the property of E. Pentland, eastwardly by ground the property of John M'Cormick, and westwardly by ground the property of Simon Small. At the suits of John M'Cormick and of James Gray, assignee of Robert Chess.

The whole seized and taken in execution and to be sold by

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*

May 27, 1815.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in the Borough of Beaver, on the 5th of June next, the following Tract or Parcel of Land, with the appurtenances, viz:—Beginning on the south side of the Ohio river, where the line crosses between the counties of Allegheny and Beaver, thence down the Ohio by the several courses thereof, to the mouth of Racoon creek, thence by a direct line up said creek, to a point ten miles from the mouth thereof, thence by a direct line to the place of beginning—containing Thirty Thousand Acres, be the same more or less, together with all the appurtenances, buildings, and improvements thereon. Seized and taken as the property of George Croghan, deceased, at the suit of Maria S. Morton, and Jacob Morton, executors of John Morton, deceased, against George W. Prevost, administrator of said Geo. Croghan, deceased, and sold by

J. COULTER, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, May 15, 1815.

Adjourned Court.

PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE, *May* 15, 1815.

AN Adjourned Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace will be held for the County of Allegheny, on the fourth Monday of June next, to continue for one week, at which the Traverse Jurors, summoned for April Term, are required to attend.

E. PENTLAND, *Prothy.*

KENTUCKY manufactured TOBACCO.

PATENT SHOT,

Prime Green Coffee,

Loaf Sugar,

Orleans Sugar and Cotton,

Pepper,

Allum,

Imperial and Hyson Skin Teas,

IN STORE AND FOR SALE, BY

Allen & Grant,

WOOD STREET.

Pittsburgh, May 13, 1815.

Type for Sale.

THE FOLLOWING FOUNTS OF TYPE, ARE FOR SALE AT THE OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

LONG PRIMER, 260lbs. GREAT PRIMER, AMERICAN CANNON, FIVE LINE PICA, new.—Also, about one-third worn, LONG PRIMER, 400lbs. DOUBLE PICA, and FRENCH CANNON.

May 19, 1815.

Five Dollars Reward,

WILL be given to any person that will give information of a CHEST about three feet long, made of Cherry wood, containing Carpenters Tools and Cloathing, sent from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, and which was to have been delivered some time in March.

Information to be left with R. JONES, Tobacconist, near the Post-Office.

Pittsburgh, May 26, 1815.

Spinners Wanted.

A few GOOD SPINNERS, will find employment at the Shop belonging to the WOOLEN FACTORY at Steubenville.

Apply at the Factory, to

C. H. ORTH.

20th May, 1814. tf.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

THE Partnership hitherto subsisting between the subscribers trading under the firm of JOHN GORMAN & Co. as Brewers, &c. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Any person having demands against the same will please present their accounts for settlement; and those indebted to said firm are requested to discharge their respective accounts without delay to JOHN GORMAN, who is duly authorised to receive the same.

JOHN GORMAN.
THOMAS BAIRD,
WILLIAM STEEL.

Pittsburgh, May 20th, 1815.

Monongahela Brewery, &c.

FOR SALE.

THE Subscribers WILL SELL their well known establishment, situated on the Bank of the Monongahela River, Pittsburgh, by PUBLIC SALE, at the premises, ON MONDAY, THE 3d DAY OF JULY NEXT, at 10 o'clock, A. M. To those acquainted with the situation, the extent of the concern, and its desirable advantages, comment is unnecessary; for the information of strangers, it is exceeded by none in the western country; there is on the premises, a handsome BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, out OFFICES, GARDEN, &c. with two other small dwellings. It rarely occurs that such an opportunity offers for a man to enter upon business, without risk or delay, and so lucrative as to induce the man of Capital to purchase without hesitation.

TERMS OF SALE—One third of the purchase to be paid in Cash, on perfecting a Deed, the remainder in two equal payments, at 1 and 2 years, with interest.

JOHN GORMAN,
THOMAS BAIRD,
WILLIAM STEEL.

May 20, 1815.

In the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Allegheny, of the Term of April, A. D. 1813, No. 132.

Collins. Nathaniel Bedford, complainant *vs* The heirs and representatives of Robert Riddle, formerly of Pittsburgh, laborer, and Samuel Barr, respondents. } Bill to enable the complainant to supply a defect of title to Lot No. 106, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, occasioned by the loss of an instrument of writing. April 8, 1815, on reading bill of complainant, it is ordered by the Court, that the complainant publish for three weeks in one newspaper printed in the Borough of Pittsburgh, and in one newspaper printed in the city of Philadelphia, and one in Wilmington, Delaware, in one newspaper once a week, notice to all persons whom it may concern, to appear at the house of WILLIAM MORROW, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, innkeeper, on Monday the 19th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. before the Judges of the said Court, to make answer to the said bill.

E. PENTLAND, *Proth'y*

In the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Allegheny, of the Term of April, A. D. 1813, No. 133.

Collins. Nathaniel Bedford, complainant *vs* The heirs and representatives of Robert Riddle, formerly of Pittsburgh, laborer, and Samuel Barr, and all others interested, respondents. } Bill in perpetuam rei memoriam, read April, 8th, 1815, and on motion, Chas. Wilkins, jr. Philip Gilland, and Samuel Douglas, Esqrs. or any two of them, are appointed to take the depositions of witnesses in Pittsburgh, to remain in evidence forever, after the death or absence of such witnesses; and it is ruled, that if either party refuse or neglect to attend the taking of such depositions after notice to be published by the examiners respectively, in one newspaper published in the Borough of Pittsburgh, one in the City of Philadelphia, and one in the State of Delaware, for three weeks in one newspaper in each place, they may be taken ex parte, to remain for those purposes.

E. PENTLAND, *Proth'y.*

John Irwin & George Haven,

HAVE entered into Partnership in the TANNING BUSINESS, under the firm of

IRWIN AND HAVEN,

And have taken that well known stand at the Corner of Market street and the Diamond, formerly occupied by LEWIS PETERS. They have on hand and intend keeping a general assortment of LEATHER, on the most moderate terms.—CASH will be given for HIDES AND CALF SKINS, &c.

JOHN IRWIN.
GEO: HAVEN.

HAT STORE.

GEORGE HAVEN continues the HATTING BUSINESS as usual in THE DIAMOND. Those who will favor him with their custom shall be punctually attended to.

FOR SALE,

1000 Prime Detroit Muskrat.

Pittsburgh, May 13, 1815. 3wq

FARMERS AND MECHANICS BANK OF PITTSBURGH,

May 1, 1815.

THE Board of Directors have this day ordered, that the third instalment on the Capital Stock of said Bank, amounting to Two Dollars and Fifty Cents on each Share, be paid on or before the first day of July next.

G. LUCKEY, *Cashier.*

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,

MAY 1, 1815

THE PRESIDENT & DIRECTORS, OF the BANK OF PITTSBURGH, have this day declared a dividend *of 4 per cent*, which will be paid to Stockholders, or their legal representatives at any time after the 15th inst.

BY ORDER,

ALEX: JOHNSTON, Jr. *Cashier.*

FLOUR & BACON,

FOR SALE, BY

Bean & Butler.

Pittsburgh, May 26, 1815.

Western Eagle Lead Factory.

Trevor, Pettigrew & Troost,

CONTINUE to Manufacture at the WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY,

WHITE LEAD, *Dry or Ground in Oil.*
RED LEAD, *and*
LITHARGE,

All of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

They also Manufacture at their CHEMICAL LABORATORY—ALCOHOL, ETHER, sweet SPIRITS NITRE, AQUA FORTIS, MURIATIC ACID, RED PRECIPITATE, CALOMEL and Chemical preparations generally.

Orders for any of the above articles will be thankfully received at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of SPEAKMAN SAY & Co. and at the Glass Warehouse of TREVOR & ENGELL.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1815.

REMOVAL.

JOSEPH BECKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his Customers and the Public in general, that he has REMOVED HIS STORE, from Liberty to *Wood Street, between Front & Second Streets*, where he intends keeping a

GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Merchandize,

Of every description, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL on moderate terms.

Pittsburgh, May 9th. ——3wq

JOHN COOK,

HAS REMOVED HIS

CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE

Store,

FROM No. 311 North 2d Street, TO NO. 276 MARKET STREET, and having taken WILLIAM H. SAYRE, of this city into partnership, the business will in future be conducted under the firm of

COOK & SAYRE,

Who will receive by the first arrivals from Liverpool a very extensive assortment of WARE, which they will dispose of on reasonable terms.

Philadelphia, 4th Month 26, 1815. 6w

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

TRADING under the firm of J. DAVIS & Co. have dissolved partnership this day by mutual consent. All persons having demands are desired to present their accounts for payment and those who owe the firm are requested to make payment to JOSEPH DAVIS, who is legally authorised to settle and receive the same.

JOSEPH DAVIS.
JOHN D. DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, May 8, 1815.

The business will in future be conducted by

JOSEPH DAVIS,

Who is fitting up his HOUSE in the Diamond to receive GOODS by the first arrivals from Europe. He returns his most grateful thanks to his numerous friends and solicits a continuance of their custom and support.

JOSEPH DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, May 8, 1815,

WOOL CARDING,

AND

CLOTH DRESSING.

THE subscriber intends carrying on the above business extensively, by water, at the lower falls of Beaver Creek, where orders will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

Any quantity of Wool, not less than 50 lbs. will be manufactured into Cloth, if required, on the usual terms. Common Wool, clean washed, and free from burrs and sticks, will be carded in the best manner, in any quantities required, at the rate of eight and one-third cents per pound, the owner finding one pound of oil or soft grease, without salt, to every 10 pounds of wool; or 10 cents per lb. when the oil shall be found by the subscriber. Merino Wool in the same proportion, according to the customary rates, except when it shall require to be washed, which will be an additional charge.

The rates of Fulling and Dressing Cloth will be as reasonable as elsewhere. Common Wool will be received in payment of any work required in the above line, at market price; and for the convenience of persons at a distance, cloth to be dressed, and wool to be carded, will be received at the store of the subscriber in Pittsburgh, and returned when finished without delay.

GEORGE COCHRAN, *of Rd.*

May 1, 1815.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

THIS day was dissolved by mutual consent the partnership of THOMPSON & NEEL. All persons indebted to said firm will come forward and settle their accounts before the 15th day of June next; and all persons having demands against said firm will present them to JOHN THOMPSON for settlement, as he is duly authorised to pay and receive all debts for and against said firm.

JOHN THOMPSON,
JAMES H. NEEL.

Pittsburgh, May 9, 1815.

JOHN THOMPSON,

Respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he intends carrying on the CURRYING at the old stand in Second Street between Wood and Smithfield Streets, nearly opposite to the New-Market, where he has a general assortment of UPPER LEATHER, CALF SKINS, BRIDLE, HARNESS and SOLE LEATHER, which he offers for Sale on reasonable terms.

N. B. All sorts of Leather purchased in the rough, as usual.

Broke into the inclosure of the

subscriber, some time ago, a bright bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, near hind foot white, a star in his forehead, his mane hogged. The owner may have him on proving property and paying the charges that have accrued.

ANDREW WATSON.

Grant's Hill, Pitt township, May 22, 1815.

PITTSBURGH

Manhattan School,

FOR

YOUNG LADIES & GENTLEMEN

MR. LOOMIS, respectfully returns thanks to his patrons for their liberal patronage since the commencement of his School in this place, and informs them and the public that he continues to teach both sexes Reading, Penmanship analytically, English Grammar, English Composition, Geography, with the use of the Globes and Maps, Drawing of Maps, Book-keeping, the Languages, &c.

The system of Education adopted in this School, will be that which is pursued in the celebrated Manhattan School, in the city of New-York, conducted by Mr. A. Picket, its successful founder; and which is acknowledged by men of the first literary reputation to be one of the best conducted Schools, in that city or in the United States. Here, about five hundred children of both sexes, comprising some of the best families in the city, constantly attend and are taught in such a manner as does the greatest honor to the teacher, and results in the happiest consequence to the pupils. It is of the utmost importance to teach children in such a manner that they will understand what they learn, and know how to apply it to the active pursuits of life. To give them words without accustoming them to attach some definite meaning to them, is, like blindfolding a man and commanding him to find a certain object; every effort leads him astray and renders him more uncertain of its attainment, so children if their minds are burdened with knowledge without understanding, find themselves uninterested in the pursuit, of course their progress in acquiring it will be but small: they must be brought to love learning if we would expect ever to teach them to good purpose, for the mind always eagerly embraces that which it previously loves.

In this School every requisite attention will be paid to the learning and amiable deportment of the pupils, and no labour will be thought too arduous to form the young mind for future usefulness and respectability in society. The education of youth is difficult and requires unwearied attention and experience, for no man is born a teacher, it is an occupation which requires many years practice to become a proficient in the business. To his many years experience in teaching an extensive School and unwearied diligence, the subscriber looks for public patronage, pledging himself to a conscientious discharge of the duties incumbent on a teacher, he with confidence solicits the patronage of the public.

For terms of Tuition, References, &c. please to apply at the School Room, over Mr THOMAS ALGEO'S Store, Market Street

N. B. Young Ladies will be taught plain and ornamental Needle Work, in a separate apartment, by Mrs. Loomis.

Morning Tuition will commence on the 1st of May, for Penmanship, from 6 to 8 o'clock, at Six Dollars a quarter, payable in advance.

P. S. On hand and constantly for Sale ENGLISH QUILLS of the best quality, wholesale and retail.

Pittsburgh, April 28, 1815.

Commission Warehouse

JOHN M'CLEAN,

GRATEFUL for the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement in business, begs leave to return thanks to his friends and the public

Having entered into partnership with HENRY DOANE, he solicits a continuance of their patronage. The concern will hereafter be carried on under the firm of

M'CLEAN & DOANE,

Who offer For Sale the following articles on reasonable terms for Cash or approved Notes, at their WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Commission Warehouse, in Water, between Market and Wood Streets.

New Orleans Sugar	Deck Rods
Coffee	Spike Rods
Tobacco	Steel
Brandy	Nails
Gin,	Wire from No 1 to 32
Whiskey	Anchors
Flour	Wrought Anvils
Juniper Berries	Vices
Refined Salt Petre	Scythes
Cables	Sickles
Cordage	Axes
Paste Boards	Hoes
Writing and Wrapping paper	Augers
Barr Iron	Cutting Knives

with a variety of *IRONMONGERY* too numerous to mention, together with a constant supply of *QUEENSWARE* manufactured by TROTTER & Co. at the *Pittsburgh Pottery*.

They have ALSO made arrangements with the "*Pittsburgh White Lead Factory*," (*J. S. Stevenson*) by which they can supply their customers with any quantity of WHITE LEAD, dry or ground in oil, at the manufacturers price, now $ 20 per cwt

Pittsburgh, May 11, 1815. tf.

N. B. Consignments will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Wholesale Store.

CHARLES L. VOLTZ & CO.

RESPECTFULLY inform the Merchants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that they have removed from their former stand at D. Logan & Co's Commission Warehouse to Wood street, next door to G. & C. Anshutz, where they intend to keep an extensive assortment of English DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY and GERMAN GOODS, which they will henceforth receive direct from the Manufactures in Europe, having connections in Baltimore, who are largely in the importing line.—Under these circumstances they will be enabled at all times to sell their goods at very reduced prices, which they hope will induce the Merchants of this place and the western country, to favour them with their custom.

On hand the following articles:

Files of every description; knifes and forks, razors, brass cocks, slates, woodscrews, awl blades, needles, thimbles, flints, Turkey cotton, combs, pocket books, sun-glasses, pocket pistols, snuff boxes, German looking glasses, flutes, violins and do. strings, playing cards, shot bags, quills, a variety of ribbons, galloons and thread edgings. Elegant French CHINA. Which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms by *WHOLESALE ONLY*, for Cash or approved negotiable Notes.

May 12, 1815. 3mq

BARR IRON.

The subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping, a general assortment of

JUNIATA & CENTRE COUNTY

BARR IRON,

which he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of waggon tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best waggon boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

TO BE LET,

ON PERPETUAL LEASE,

Nine Lots of Ground,

Fronting on Smithfield Street. For particulars apply to GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, December 20, 1814.

Doctor CHISHOLMS,

Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF A QUALITY

Superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a

GENERAL MEDICINE,

IN THIS COUNTRY,

Now prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates

This extraordinary medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Pills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of bile, is without example; never producing debility, or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child, or weakly female.

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excrutiating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains*, wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flax-seed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and *diseases of the liver*, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills, taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case, the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

At their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

February 1814.

tfq

PITTSBURGH POTTERY.

Trotter & Co.

HAVING established their Manufactory of QUEENSWARE, in Pittsburgh, and now commenced fabricating wares similar to those of the Potteries in Philadelphia, take this opportunity to inform the public, that they are ready to execute such orders for those who may have the goodness to favour them, at their Pottery, corner of Seventh and Grant Streets, or to ANTHONY BEELEN & Co. or RICHARD BOWEN & Co. where specimens of the Ware may be seen.

List of Articles at present Manufacturing.

Wash-hand basons,	Coffee Pots,
Ewers,	Tea Pots,
Chambers,	Coffee Cups,
Dutch Jugs,	Tea Cups,
Bowls,	Chocolates,
Mugs,	Sugar Basons,
Goblets,	Butter Tubs,
Pitchers,	Baking Dishes.

February 8, 1815 tf

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

THE following adjoining TRACTS of LAND, situate on Big Glade Run, on the west side of the Allegheny river, from 1 to 3 miles from the town of Kittanning, the seat of justice of Armstrong county, (Penn.) are offered for sale on moderate terms, viz:

No. 279—containing 201 7-10 acres, settled by Peter Bowser, since the year 1808; has about 10 acres cleared.

No. 281—containing 201 7-10 acres, settled by J. Campbell, since 1810; has 4 or 5 acres cleared.

No. 282—containing 201 7-10 acres, settled by M. Reed; has 25 acres cleared.

No. 290—containing 200 7-10 acres, settled by J. Bowser since 1808; has 12 acres cleared.

No. 291—containing 202 acres, settled by M. Starr since 1801; has 25 acres cleared.

No. 303—containing 287 7-10 acres, settled by Ph. Bist since 1810; has ten acres cleared.

No. 304—containing 251 7-10 acres, settled by P. Bisk since 1805; has 12 acres cleared.

No. 305—containing 211 7-10 acres, settled by G. Hall since 1798; has 35 acres cleared.

No. 306—containing 210 3-10 acres, settled by J. Bowser since 1803; has 30 acres cleared.

No. 307—containing 218 8-10 acres, settled by J. Schneider since 1810; has 18 acres cleared.

No. 308—containing 219 3-10 acres, settled by Peter Troy since 1802; has 30 acres cleared.

ALSO

Four other adjoining Tracts, situate on Buffalo creek, on the line between Armstrong & Butler counties, about 30 miles from Pittsburgh, and near the town of Freeport.

No 153, containing 298 3-10 acres, settled by D. M'Cue since 1804; has 50 acres cleared.

No. 154, containing 298 3-10 acres, settled by Hugh Sweny since 1805; has 20 cres cleared

No. 155, containing 235 8-10 acres, settled by M Duffey; has fifteen acres cleared

No. 156, containing 235 8-10 acres; has 15 acres cleared.

Gentlemen of respectability, who are acquainted with these lands, pronounce them to be of the very first quality; situate on good streams of water, they afford several valuable scites for mills & other water works. These advantages, with their contiguity to the county town, and Allegheny river, and in the midst of rapidly improving settlements, afford strong inducements to *capatalists*, who may be disposed to vest their cash in productive and improving property.

The whole will be sold together, or either body separately, at the option of purchasers, on such terms as will insure a handsome speculation. The title is indisputable and warranted free from incumbrance of taxes, &c. Persons wishing to view the property can apply to either of the tenants. Drafts shewn and terms of sale made known on application to the subscriber, or to Mr. JOSEPH AUDIBERT, the owner, in Philadelphia.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker, Third, between Market & Wood streets.*

Pittsburgh, April 11, 1815. tfq

FOR SALE OR LEASE,

Sixteen Lots of Ground,

fronting on Smithfield Street, between Front and Second Streets, and Diamond Alley and Fifth Streets. Apply to

JOHN THAW,
DAVID PRIDE.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1815. tf

N. B. A HOUSE at the corner of Smithfield and Front Streets, to Let.

FOR SALE,

Part of Lot No. 51,

SITUATE on the South side of the Monongahela river, opposite Pittsburgh, being 51 feet in front, and extending back a considerable distance up the Coal Hill. It adjoins the Glass Works of Trevor & Encell, and as the Lot runs into the Monongahela renders it more valuable. On the Lot is erected a FRAME HOUSE 21 by 19 feet, together with a back building, and an excellent Spring within 20 feet of the dwelling house.

For further particulars and terms apply to Mr. JOHN DARRAGH, Pittsburgh; or the subscriber on the premises.

MARGARET CALHOON.

March 17, 1815 tfcJC

WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE.

ROBERT GETTY

Corner of Diamond and Market Street,

HAS now received a large and general assortment of *India*, *English*, *French* and *Domestic* DRY GOODS, which will be sold at the lowest prices, by piece or yard. Also, an extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CHINA and GROCERIES. TANNERS OIL, by the barrel or gallon.

COTTON YARN TWIST AND FILLING.

He will also be supplied with the above article at the Philadelphia prices and carriage from No. 3 to 50. Orders from manufacturers and country merchants will be executed on the best terms

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1st, 1815. tfq

Doctor Handy's,

WORM DESTROYING

LOZENGES,

A safe and efficacious Medicine for destroying and bringing away

WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary. The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms*, of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicines exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an atheiminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable Medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot-full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm*, at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the reader's time We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are unacquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times, the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head-ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic, or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above, and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above valuable Medicine is sold only by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their wholesale and retail Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

December 13, 1813.

Saddlers Ironmongery,

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

Consisting of the following Articles—

FULL and half plated Stirrup Irons assorted
Do. do. Ladies Slippers do.
Do. do. Bitts and Bradoons do.
Do. do. Bradoons do.
Do. do. Pelham and Curb Bitts
Do. do. Double & Single Curb Chains
Plated Heads and Cantles
Plated and Princes Metal Spurs.
Do Saddle Rings
Do. Stirrup Slides
Tinned Mens' and Women's Stirrup Irons.
Do. Curb and Snaffle Bridle Bitts
Saddlers Knives and Hammers
Brass Nails and Tinned Tacks assorted
Flat Set Buckles, from 3-4 to 1 1-4 inch do.
Heads and Throats
Saddle Trees, (plated) assorted
Worsted and Cotton Girth-webbing do.
Straining Webb assorted
Saddle Cloth do.
Seal Skins
Leather Stocks and Cockades
Double Shot Pouches and Powder Flasks
A large and complete assortment of Cut Tacks from 2 1-2 to 14 oz.
Corks by the bale

The subscriber intends keeping a constant supply of the above Articles, and will sell them low, either wholesale or retail, for Cash Country Linen, or on a short Credit, at his Store in Market Street, between Front and Second Streets.

HENRY BAILEY.

Pittsburgh, December 26, 1814. tf

Broad Cloths & Sattinets

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE COCHRAN,

AT his Woollen Manufactory, corner of Diamond Alley and Liberty Street, by the piece or yard, as cheap as they can be had in New-York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

Also, a few Stocking Nette, Worsted Woollen and Cotton Half Hose.

G. C. respectfully solicits the patronage of the public to encourage his Manufactory, and assures those who may wish to purchase, that his Cloth is not inferior according to quality, either in colour and durability, to that imported from Great-Britain.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1815.

STRAY MARE.

CAME to my residence about the last week in April, a small BLACK MARE, about 15 years old, no shoes on—has no marks. The owner is desired to come prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JAMES M'CABE

Moon township, Monture's Bottom,
May 6, 1815. 5

NEW STORE.

WAY & BLAINE,

Have just received at their Store in Market Street between Second and Third Streets,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

which they offer for Sale at the lowest prices.

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1815. tf

TO BE RENTED,

A large commodious and elegant three story

Brick Warehouse,

adjoining Messrs. G. & C. Anshutz, and now in the possession of Brown & Porter.

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1815. tf

Speakman & Say,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS.

HAving established a *Drug & Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, & taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

In Market Street, the third door from Front Street,

Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expenses, ONLY.

☞ *They now offer for sale, an assortment of DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. for CASH, PRODUCE, or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813 tfq

Farmers and Millers,

ARE hereby informed that the subscribers have established at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, a COMMISSION STORE, intended for general business, but particularly for the PURCHASE AND SALE of FLOUR AND GRAIN. The superior advantages which this establishment gives in the Flour and Grain trade must be evident. In order that the farmer may avail himself of the proper season, and good opportunities to bring in wheat, the mill is offered as a Store-House free of charge for 3 months after delivery. It will then be in his power to order it to be ground and sold as it may suit and not be subject to the losses generally sustained by grinding out in the fall and spring.

Busines will be transacted on such terms as to interest the Public.

GEO. EVANS & CO.

Pittsburgh Steam Mill,
March 7, 1815.

N-B. WHEAT, RYE, and CORN, purchased as usual.

☞ *The Editors of the "SPECTATOR," Union Town, and "REPORTER," Washington, (Pa.) the "HERALD," Steubenville, (O.) and "GAZETTE," Charleston, (Va.) are requested to give the above 3 insertions and send their bills to* G. E. & Co

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Mineral Waters.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they have commenced making SODA and SELTZER WATERS, for the season, and having been at considerable expence in procuring ice, they flatter themselves they will meet with that encouragement due to the establishment. The qualities of these waters are so well known that it is scarcely necessary to enumerate them. It must be observed, however, that they are recommended by the most eminent physicians in this country, in all cases of debility: they particularly tend to strengthen the stomach, promote appetite and digestion; as an agreeable and pleasant drink they are unequalled; their exhilirating qualities being such as to supercede the necessity of spiritous liquors; they are therefore particularly suited to females whose delicate constitutions require a moderate stimulous without impairing health. The Soda Water operates as a mild cathartic, and is peculiarly suited to persons of costive habits. The price of tickets is 50 cents per dozen being the same as in Philadelphia and New York; each ticket entitles the bearer to a half pint tumbler of water. Persons residing at a distance can have it put up in bottles.

AVERY & VAN ZANDT,

Wood between Front & Second Streets.

April 15, 1815.

We, the subscribers, having examined the Mineral Waters prepared by Messrs. *Avery & Van Zandt*, are of opinion that they are equal in quality to any made in the U. States, and therefore recommend them to the public, in all cases above described.

GEORGE STEVENSON,
MORRILL PARKER,
JOEL LEWIS.

ARMY BLANKS,

Printed in the neatest manner, and on the shortest notice at this office.

COLUMBIAN STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their establishment is now in complete operation and consists of

STEAM ENGINE FACTORY,

For furnishing steam engines on Oliver Evans's construction, which daily experience is proving to be the cheapest and most powerful.

AN AIR FOUNDERY,

On an extensive scale capable of furnishing castings of any description, particularly adapted to machinery.

An ANVIL and ANCHOR Factory,

Capable of furnishing anvils and anchors of the largest size.

A BRASS FOUNDERY

Calculated for general castings, but particularly for machinery and large bells which will be warranted of the first quality.

A BUTT-HINGE Factory,

Will also shortly be in operation, on a scale sufficiently large to supply any demand. It is also intended to supply small castings annealed.

A PATTERN MAKERS SHOP; and A BORING & TURNERS SHOP,

The lathes are driven by the force of steam; and all orders in the different branches of turning *Iron, Brass, Wood &c.* will be executed with despatch.

They also carry on the business of

SCREW MAKING,

And are prepared to furnish Rolling and Slitting mill, Paper mill, Fullers, Tobacco, and Mill stone Screws, &c.

The *Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company* flatter themselves that the nature and extent of their establishment, will enable them to furnish any article in the mechanical line particularly, on as short and as favorable terms as any establishment in the state.

They have on hand A STEAM ENGINE, sufficiently powerful to grind from 20 to 25 bushels of wheat per hour in the best manner. Also, a number of Paper mill, Fullers and Mill screws, and Sugar mill apparatus.

March 1, 1815, tfq

FRESH & SEASONABLE GOODS.

CONSISTING of London Black, Navy Blue, Bottle Green and Mix'd Superfine and fine Broad Cloths
Plain and corded Cassimers—superfine blue stocking Webb
Cassmetts, velvet Cords and Velvets
Blue, lead and bottle green superfine Pelisse cloths
Kersey mole skins and coatings
Swansdown, toilenett, mole skin & silk Jackets Patterns
Worsted, silk and cotton Hosiery
Superfine and fine white, yellow and red Flannels
7-4, 9-4, 10-4 and 12-4 rose Blankets
Superfine Calicoes—cambric & jaconett Muslins
Black, blue, green & bottle green Bombazetts
Spotted, stripe and plain sarsenett and book Muslins
Linen, cambrics, Irish linens, English shirting &c.
Ladies long and short kid, beaver and silk Gloves
Linen and cotton laces
6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 levantine, damask and cotton shawls
Levantine, double florence, and sensaw silk handsomely assorted
Ladies kid, Morocco, cordivan and calfskin shoes, boots and slippers,
Mens and boys fine and coarse shoes,
Gilt and mahogany frame looking and dressing glasses

And a variety of other articles too tedious to mention, which they intend selling on the most moderate terms.

JOHN & JAMES BROWN.

Pittsburgh, October 4th, 1814

JOSEPH DAVIS,

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has received and ready for delivery, the

AMERICAN STANDARD,

Of Orthography and Pronunciation

AND IMPROVED

DICTIONARY

OF THE

ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

CONTAINING, all the words in general use, with their significations accurately explained, and the sound of each syllable clearly expressed: among which will be found several hundred terms, that have been hitherto omitted by the best lexicographers: Also, a variety of the technical terms of Medicine, Law, Commerce, Arts, and general Science, interspersed with critical and philological observations. Compiled under the direction of sundry literary characters and institutions, in the United States of America.

March 1, 1815.

MERCHANTS, DRUGGISTS, &c.

WHITE LEAD.

THE subscriber informs his Correspondents and other dealers in WHITE LEAD, that he has made an arrangement, by which he receives from the "*Pittsburgh White Lead Factory*," (J. S. STEVENSON) a constant supply of White Lead, both Dry and Ground in Oil, which he will sell on the most liberal terms. The reputation of this Factory is perfectly established, and the Lead shall be warranted equal to any manufactured in the United States. The present price is $ 20 per cwt. and will be always as low, if not lower, than any sold in this place.

WILLIAM ROBINSON,

corner of Wood and Water Streets

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1815.